

Status of countermeasures for restoring from the accident at Fukushima Daiichi Unit 1 through 4. As of June 11th, 2011. (Estimated by JAIF)

		Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4	Notes	
Basic information	Type of plant	BWR-3	BWR-4	BWR-4	BWR-4		
	Electric / Thermal power output	460/1380	784/2381	784/2381	784/2381		
	Operation status	In service -> Shutdown	In service -> Shutdown	In service -> Shutdown	Outage		
Plant status when hit by the earthquake	No. of nuclear fuels loaded in the reactor	400	548	548	0		
	No. of spent fuels stored in the SFP	292	587	514	1331		
	External power supply	Stopped due to the earthquake					
	Emergency power supply	EDGs automatically started up when the external power was lost but stopped later when tsunami hit the plants.					
Reactor cooling	Status	Core and fuel integrity	Damaged (core melt*1)	Damaged (core melt*1)	Damaged (core melt*1)	No fuels loaded	
		RPV structural integrity	Limited damage and leakage	Unknown	Unknown	No damage	
		PCV structural integrity	Damage and leakage suspected	Damage and leakage suspected	Damage and leakage suspected	No damage	
	measures	Core cooling	Not functional	Not functional	Not functional	Not required	
		Goal of STEP 1 (April through June)	Stable cooling (circulating injection cooling reusing accumulated water)				
		Cooling by minimum injection rate	Injecting freshwater into the reactor via feed water line at 5.1m ³ /h	Injecting freshwater into the reactor via feed water line at 5.0m ³ /h	Injecting freshwater into the reactor via feed water line at 11.2m ³ /h	—	Total injection flow: 21.3m ³ /h [6/9]
		Establishment of circulating injection cooling	Work for injection line in progress	Work for injection line in progress [4/9-]	Work for injection line in progress [4/16-]	—	
		Nitrogen gas injection into PCV	Injection continued [4/6-]	Work for injection line in progress [4/16-]	Work for injection line in progress [4/16-]	—	
		Flooding of PCV after sealing leaks	Studying	Studying	Studying	—	
		Securing heat exchange function	Work for secondary-loop piping in progress (5/13-)	Construction work to be started after improving the work environment	Construction work to be started after improving the work environment	—	
Challenge	Improving work environment				High radiation circumstance is hampering the work to restore reactor cooling. Preparation work such as removing radioactive debris, radiation monitoring is underway in each unit. TEPCO announced its plan to recirculate and filter the air in the Unit2 R/B to reduce its radioactivity and then open the door to decrease the humidity in the building, which also hampers the work at Unit 2 [6/8].		
SFP cooling	Status	Fuel integrity in SFP	Unknown	Unknown	Unknown	No severe damage suspected*2	
		SFP cooling	Not functional	Not functional	Not functional	Not functional	
	measures	Goal of STEP 1 (April through June)	Stable cooling				
		Reliability improvement in injection operation	Injecting freshwater via SFP coolant clean up line	Switching from freshwater injection via SFP coolant clean up line to circulation cooling	Injecting freshwater via SFP coolant clean up line	Spraying freshwater by pump truck	Injecting/Spraying corrosion inhibitor, hydrazine (H2NNH2), with freshwater [5/9-]
	Circulation cooling with Hx	Planned	In operation	Planned	Planned		
Accumulated water	Status	Increase and accumulation of radioactively contaminated water	High level radioactive wastewater is accumulating in the R/B, T/B and RW/B of each unit. (about 92,000m ³ [5/31])				
		Goal of STEP 1 (April through June)	Securing storage place of high level radioactive wastewater				
	measures	Securing storage place	-Waterproof check of Centralized Radiation Waste Treatment Facility, PMB (storage capacity: approx. 10,000m ³) and MWRTB(storage capacity: approx. 4,800m ³) completed -Underground tank for high level radioactive wastewater (storage capacity: approx. 10,000m ³) to be installed in the mid August -Storage tanks to receive processed, low to middle level radioactive wastewater with the capacity of approx. 13,000m ³ installed (-5/31). Additional capacity to be installed at 20,000m ³ /month from the end of June.				
		Transfer of radioactive waste water	-Unit 2: Concrete tunnel => PMB (4/19-5/26, approx. 9,600m ³ , Transfer suspended and then resumed after revising the storage limit level of the building [6/4-]) -Unit 3: T/B => MWRTB (5/17-5/25, approx. 3,700m ³ , Transfer suspended due to possible leakage), T/B => Unit 3 main steam condenser [6/5-6/9]				
		Installation of water process facility	-Work for installing the water processing facility in progress. Water processing to be started on June 15th (capacity: 1,200m ³ /day) -Desalination of processed radioactive water to be installed (capacity: 480m ³ /day in the late June, then increased step by step) to reuse the water for reactor injection.				
		Preventing contamination of the sea, etc.	-Silt fences installed. -Working on installation of seawater circulatory purification system [5/30-]. Test operation conducted [6/9]. -Blocking the concrete tunnels outside the T/Bs				
	Challenge	Preventing overflow of high level radioactive waste water				The risk of leakage of the high level radioactive wastewater accumulating in the Unit 2 and 3 T/Bs and concrete tunnels is increasing as the water level in the receiving facility was getting close to its storage limit. It has been decided to use Unit 2 and 3 main steam condensers as a receiving tank while revising the storage limit of the PMB (total increased capacity: approx. 4,300m ³). Further revision of the storage limit of the facility (additional capacity: approx. 2,700m ³) is under consideration.	
	measures	Goal of STEP 1 (April through June)	Storing and processing low level radio active wastewater				
		Increasing storage capacity	2,200tons of tanks installed. Approx. 16,000tons of tanks to be installed by the beginning of June. 12,000 tons of receiving capacity to be secured by the end of June.				
	Underground water	Status	Radioactive materials in the ground water	Radioactive iodine, I-131, and cesium, Cs-134, 137, were detected from the subdrain, underground water collected and controlled in the facility, and the well water in the Fukushima Daiichi site. [4/7-]			
Goal of STEP 1 (April through June)			Preventing contaminated underground water from spreading to the sea				
measures		Mitigation of groundwater contamination	Restoring subdrain pumps [the middle of June]. Planning subdrain management according to the enhanced storing and processing plan.				
Radioactive materials in the atmosphere / soil	Status	Scattering of radioactive materials to the outside of the facilities	Radioactive materials and radioactively contaminated debris scattered due to the hydrogen explosion at Unit 1 and 3 R/Bs and other events.				
		R/B integrity	Severely damaged	Partly opened	Severely damaged	Severely damaged	
	measures	Goal of STEP 1 (April through June)	Preventing scattering of radioactive materials in the facilities and the site				
		Dispersion of inhibitor	Dispersion to the outside of buildings in progress [full operation from 4/26-] Dispersion to the R/Bs and T/Bs [5/27-]				
	Removal of debris	Removal of debris using remote-controlled heavy machine in progress [4/10-]					
	Installing R/B cover	Under construction [5/13-]	—	Designing	Planning		
Tsunami, etc. reinforcement, etc.	measures	Goal of STEP 1 (April through June)	Enhancement of countermeasures against aftershocks, etc.				
		Countermeasures against tsunami	-Transferring emergency power sources to the upland [4/15] -Addition of redundant water injection line [-4/15] -Setting fire trucks etc. to the upland [-4/18] -Planning to install a temporary tide barriers [by the end of June]				
		Planning and implementation of reinforcement work of each unit	-Carry-in and setup of the supporting structure under the bottom of the Unit 4 SFP started. [6/7] -Soundness of structure analysis and evaluation for each unit in progress. Seismic safety confirmed for Unit 1 and 4 [5/28]				
		Various radiation shielding	Pipe work completed, pumping vehicle set [5/17]				
Plant parameters	Reactor	Reactor water level (mm) [6/11 05:00]	A: Below the lower end of gauge, B: -1700, Reading mostly steady	A: -1500, B: -2100, Reading mostly steady	A: -1850, B: -2100, Reading mostly steady	—	
		Reactor pressure (MPa) [6/11 05:00]	A: 0.027, B: -, Measured with temporary pressure indicator [6/4-]	A: -0.014, B: -0.009, Reading mostly steady**	A: -0.128, B: -0.098, Reading mostly steady**	—	
		RPV temperature at feedwater nozzle (°C)[6/11 05:00]	115.1, Reading mostly steady**	108.8, Reading mostly steady	150.8, Increasing**	—	
		RPV temperature at the bottom of the vessel (°C)[6/11 05:00]	98.7, Reading mostly steady	106.1, Instrument failure	188.2, Increasing	—	
	PCV	Pressure of drywell (MPa) [6/11 05:00]	0.1325, Reading mostly steady	0.015, Decreasing	0.0999, Reading mostly steady	—	
		Pressure of suppression pool (MPa) [6/11 05:00]	0.115, Reading mostly steady	Below the lower end of gauge, Instrument failure	0.1839, Reading mostly steady	—	
	Pool	Water temperature of SFP	Instrument failure	32°C [6/11 05:00]	62°C (5/8)	83-84°C (6/10 15:00)	
	Accumulated water	R/B basement	Volume*3	3,900m ³ [5/31]	6,000m ³ [5/31]	6,400m ³ [5/31]	6,500m ³ [5/31]
			Radioactivity*3	4.0E+5Bq/cm ³	1.9E+7Bq/cm ³	3.8E+5Bq/cm ³	2.0E+5Bq/cm ³
		T/B basement	Volume*3	8,400m ³ [5/31]	11,400m ³ [5/31]	13,600m ³ [5/31]	11,800m ³ [5/31]
Radioactivity*3 (Dose at water surface)			4.0E+5Bq/cm ³ (60mSv/h[4/28])	1.9E+7Bq/cm ³ (1,000mSv/h以上[3/28])	3.8E+5Bq/cm ³ (120~750mSv/h[3/24,4/22])	2.0E+5Bq/cm ³ (4.5mSv/h[4/21])	
RW/B basement		Volume*3	1,100m ³ [5/31]	2,400m ³ [5/31]	2,300m ³ [5/31]	3,700m ³ [5/31]	
		Radioactivity*3	4.0E+5Bq/cm ³	1.9E+7Bq/cm ³	3.8E+5Bq/cm ³	2.0E+5Bq/cm ³	
Concrete tunnel outside of T/B		Volume*3	2,800m ³ [5/31]	4,800m ³ [5/31]	5,800m ³ [5/31]	900m ³ [5/31]	
		Radioactivity*3 (Dose at water surface)	6.9Bq/cm ³ (0.4mSv/h[3/27])	1.1E+7Bq/cm ³ (>1,000mSv/h [3/27])	2.4E+5Bq/cm ³	2.0E+5Bq/cm ³	
Total volume		91,800m ³ (Approx. 105,000m ³ including the wastewater transferred to the Centralized Radiation Waste Treatment Facility)					
Environmental effect in the vicinity of the station		-Air dose rate: 5~122 μSv/h at the NPS border (Monitoring Post), 366 μSv/h at the south side of the office building, 14 μSv/h at the wet gate [6/11 09:00] -Some radioactive materials (I, Cs, Pu, Am Cm and Sr) has been detected in the soil sampled at the site. Radioactive materials have been detected in samples corrected from underground water and also seawater at or near the site. Environmental monitoring has been enhanced [4/16-].					
Radiation exposure of the workers		30 workers have been exposed more than 100 mSv as of 6/7. It was found that two plant operators had taken in high level of radioactive iodine. National Institute of radiological Science concluded that one was exposed to 678 millisieverts, and the other 643 millisieverts after thorough investigation. [6/10] *Emergency exposure dose limit has been set to 250mSv					

PMB: Process Main Building
MWRTB: Miscellaneous Solid Waste Volume Reduction Treatment Building

Survey map on the site:
<http://www.tepco.co.jp/en/nu/fukushima-np/f1/index3-e.html>

■ "A", "B" shows the group of the redundant instruments
■ Reactor water level shows the length of the fuel not covered with water
■ Trend data of primary parameters are available at Japan Nuclear Technology Institute's Home Page; http://www.gengikyo.jp/english/shokai/special_4.html.
**Continuously monitoring the status

*1 TEPCO's analysis [announced on 5/15,23]

*2 TEPCO estimated that there was no severe damage to the fuel in the Unit 4 SFP based on the concentration of radioactive materials in the pool and the pictures of the pool. [4/13,28,29]

*3 Rough estimate by TEPCO [announced on 5/31]

[Source]

Government Nuclear Emergency Response Headquarters: News Release,
Press conference

NISA: News Release, Press conference

TEPCO: Press Release, Press Conference

[Abbreviations]

SFP: Spent Fuel Storage Pool

EDG: Emergency Diesel Generator

RPV: Reactor Pressure Vessel

PCV: Primary Containment Vessel

R/B: Reactor Building

T/B: Turbine Building

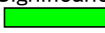
RW/B: Radioactive Waste Disposal Building

RHR: Residual Heat Removal system

GST: Condensate water Storage Tank

Hx: Heat exchanger

[Significance judged by JAIF]


 :Low

 :High

 :Severe (Need immediate action)

[Progress of countermeasures]

 : Completed

 : Under construction

