# Information on Status of Nuclear Power Plants in Fukushima



Japan Atomic Industrial Forum, Inc.

Policy on information and compilation

This JAIF-compiled information chart represents the situation, phenomena, and operations in which JAIF estimates and guesses the reactors and related facilities are, based on the latest data and information directly and indirectly made available by the relevant organizations when JAIF's updating works done. Consequently, JAIF may make necessary changes to descriptions in the chart, once (1) new developments have occurred in the status of reactors and facilities and (2) JAIF has judged so needed after reexamining the prior information and judgments.

JAIF will do its best to keep tracks on the information on the nuclear power plants quickly and accurately.

# Status of nuclear power plants in Fukushima as of 12:00, May 25th (Estimated by JAIF)

01	Status of fi	uclear power plants in rukush	illia <u>as of 12.00, May 25th</u> (Estilliat			
Power Station	1	0	Fukushima Dai-ichi Nuclear Power Station	1 4	5	6
Init Electric / Thermal Power output (MW)	460 / 1380	784 / 2381	784 / 2381	784 / 2381	784 / 2381	1100 /3293
ype of Reactor	BWR-3	BWR-4	BWR-4	BWR-4	BWR-4	BWR-5
Operation Status at the earthquake occurred	In Service -> Shutdown	In Service -> Shutdown	In Service -> Shutdown	Outage	Outage	Outage
	400	548	548			
fuel assemblies loaded in Core Core and Fuel Integrity (Loaded fuel assemblies)	Damaged (core melt*2)	Damaged (core melt*2)	Damaged (core melt*2)	No fuel rods No fuel rods	548 Not Dar	764
		Unknown	Unknown		Not Dar	
Reactor Pressure Vessel structural integrity	Limited Damage and Leakage			Not Damaged		
Containment Vessel structural integrity	Damage and Leakage Suspected	Damage and Leakage Suspected	Damage and Leakage Suspected	Not Damaged	Not Dar	maged
Core cooling requiring AC power 1 Large volumetric freshwater injection)	Not Functional	Not Functional	Not Functional	Not necessary	Funct	
Core cooling requiring AC power 2 Cooling through Heat Exchangers)	Not Functional	Not Functional	Not Functional	Not necessary	Function (in cold st	hutdown)
Building Integrity	Severely Damaged (Hydrogen Explosion)	Partly opened	Severely Damaged (Hydrogen Explosion)	Severely Damaged (Hydrogen Explosion)	Open a vent hole of avoiding hydrogon	
Vater Level of the Rector Pressure Vessel	Lower than the bottom of fuels	Fuel exposed partially or fully	Fuel exposed partially or fully	Safe	Sat	fe
Pressure / Temperature of the Reactor Pressure /essel	Gradually increasing / Gradually decreasing	Unknown / Stable	Unknown / Gradually decreasing after an increase	Safe	Sat	fe
Containment Vessel Pressure	Stable	Stable	Stable	Safe	Sat	fe
Nater injection to core (Accident Management)	Continuing (Switch from seawater to freshwater)	Continuing (Switch from seawater to freshwater)	Continuing (Switch from seawater to freshwater)	Not necessary	Not nec	essary
Vater injection to Containment Vessel (AM)	Feed water to fill up the CV (started 4/27)	Feed water to fill up the CV (planned)	Feed water to fill up the CV (planned)	Not necessary	Not nec	essary
Containment Venting (AM)	Temporally stopped	Temporally stopped	Temporally stopped	Not necessary	Not nec	
Fuel assemblies stored in Spent Fuel Pool	292	587	514	1331	946	876
·	Unknown	Unknown		No severe damage suspected*1		
Fuel Integrity in the spent fuel pool	Unknown		Damage Suspected Water spray and injection continues (Switch from	Water spray and injection continues (Switch from	Not Dar	mageu
Cooling of the spent fuel pool	Water spray continues (freshwater)	water injection continues (Switch from seawater to freshwater)	seawater to freshwater)	seawater to freshwater)	Pool cooling capabil	lity was recovere
Main Control Room Habitability & Operability	Poor due to loss of AC power (  Status in Fukushima Dai-ichi NPS site	Lighting and parmaeter monitoring restored	in the control room at Unit 1 and 3 on Mar. 24th, at	Unit 2 on Mar. 26th, at Unit 4 on Mar. 29th)	Not damaged	d (estimate)
Environmental effect  Influence to the people's life Radioactive material was detected from milk, agricultural products and seafood from Fukushima and neighboring prefectures. The government issued order to limit shipment and intake of some products. Radioactive iodine, exceeding the provisional legal limit for drinking water, was detected from tap water sampled in some prefectures. All the restrictions of intake of the water, which was once issued by the govedrment, I Radioactive cesium was detected in the sludge from a sewage treatment plants, one of which is 50 km far from the power station.  Small amount of strontium was detected in some samples of soil and plants collected in the area 20–80 km away from the power station.  Radioactive Cs above the legal limits have been detected in some prefectures. The pref governments have asked the municipalities and the local farmers' association to voluntarily halt shipments.						lifted by May 10th
Evacuation	<3> Shall be evacuated for within 20km from NF around the Fukushima Daiichi NPS is to be expa	S (issued at 18:25, Mar. 12th) <4> Shall stay nded so as to include the area, where annual	indoors (issued at 11:00, Mar. 15th), Should consider	for within 10km from NPS (issued at 05:44, Mar. 12th) leaving (issued at 11:30, Mar. 25th) for from 20km to 30km eople in the expanded zone are ordered to evacuate within (announced on Apr. 11th and issued on Apr. 22nd).		
NES (estimated by NISA)	Level 7*2	ity from Fukushima Diichi NPS has reached	the level to be classified as level 7.	Level 3 *2	_	_
Remarks	Progress of the work to restore cooling function TEPCO announced its plan to bring the damaged reactors to stable condition known as "cold shutdown" in about 6 to 9 months, a situation in which water temperatures inside the reactors have been stably brought below 100 C.(4/17, revised on 5/17) High radiation circumstance hampering the work to restore reactor cooling function. Discharging radioactive water in the basement of the buildings and concrete tunnels outside the buildings counties at unit 2 and 3.  Works inside the reactor bldg becomes available after radiation inside were forcibly decreased through air purification.  Emergency power generators were moved to higher ground in order to prevent the reactors' cooling systems from failing in case of major tsunami hits. External power source becomes more reliable after connecting 3 power lines with each other, which are for Unit 1/2, for Unit 3/4 and for Unit 5/6.  The damaged containment vessel of unit 2 is need to be repaired before the work to restore reactor cooling function.  TEPCO has been working to create a system to decontaminate and circulate water back into the reactors to cool them down since the discovery that water level in reactor No1 is very low.  TEPCO announced the results of the core damage analyses, which showed the fuel pellets have melted and fallen to the bottom of the reactor water level had not recovered after droping below the bottom of the fuel at Unit 2 and 3 showed that the most of the core had melted (5/15, 23). Another analysis, which was performed assuming that the reactor water level had not recovered after droping below the bottom of the fuel at Unit 2 and 3, showed that the most of the core had melted and fallen to the bottom of the reactor, causing a limited damage to the vessel. TEPCO also predicts that an event associated with large amount of radioactive material release is not likely to happen in the future since the reactors have been cooled by means of water injection.*2  ■ Function of containing radioactive material					
	Construction work to install heat exchangers to Prevention of the proliferation of radioactively constructions.	cool the SFP is in progress at unit 2. ontaminated substance: tively contaminated water, dust and soil and r	radioactive material itself existing on site from spreadir	ng on Apr 17.		

Government Nuclear Emergency Response Headquarters: News Release (-5/23 17:00), Press conference NISA: News Release  $(-5/24\ 12:00)$ , Press conference TEPCO: Press Release  $(-5/25\ 09:00)$ , Press Conference

MEXT: Ministry of Education, Culture, Sports, Science and Technology INES: International Nuclear Event Scale
NISA: Nuclear and Industrial Safety Agency TEPCO: Tokyo Electric Power Company, Inc. NSC: Nuclear Safety Commission of Japan

after examing the radioactive substance detected from the pool and some pictures of the pool. (4/13, 28, 29)

\*2 TEPCO announced the results of the core damage analyses of Unit 1through 3 (5/15, 23).

Low High

Severe (Need immediate action)

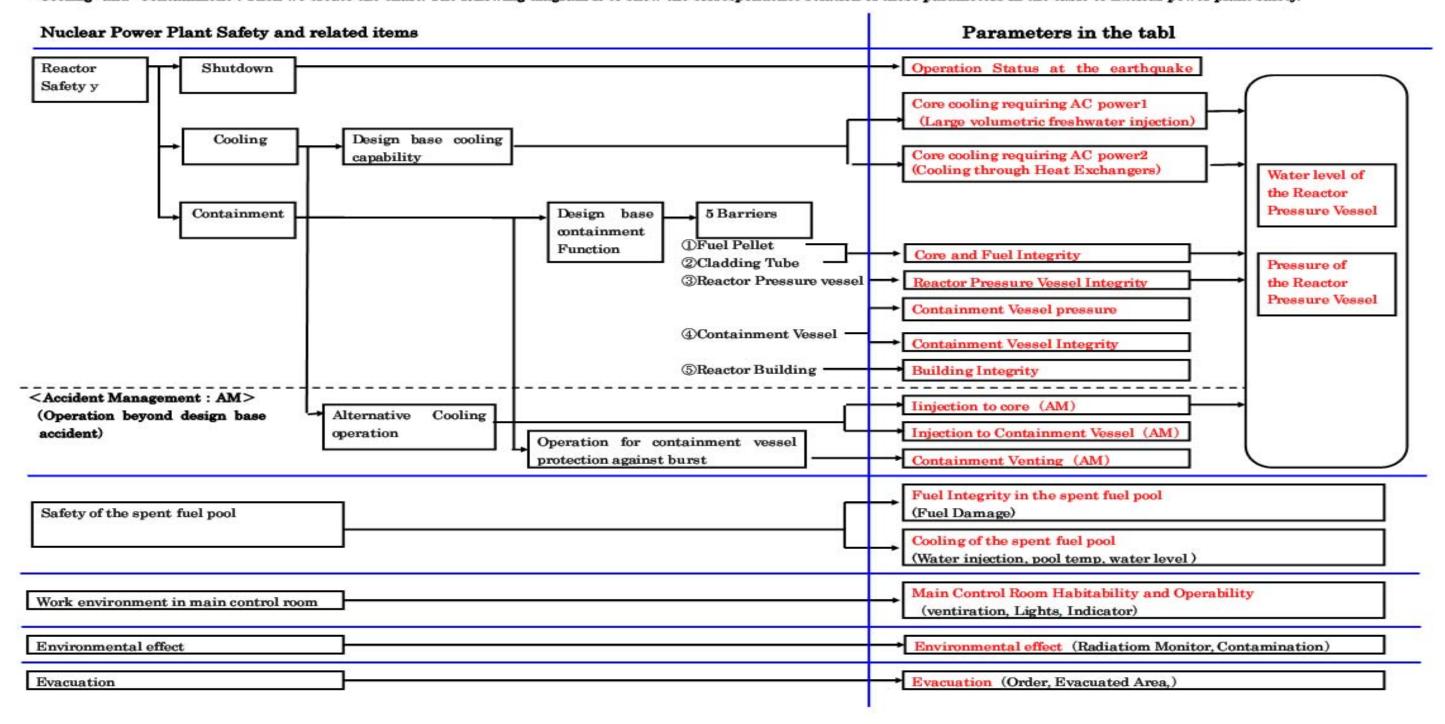
Power Station	Fukushima Dai-ni Nuclear Power Station					
Unit	1	2	3	4		
Electric / Thermal Power output (MW)	1100 / 3293					
Type of Reactor	BWR-5	BWR-5	BWR-5	BWR-5		
Operation Status at the earthquake occurred	In Service → Automatic Shutdown					
Status	All the units are in cold shutdown.					
INES (estimated by NISA)	Level 3	Level 3	_	Level 3		
Remarks	Unit-1, 2, 3 & 4, which were in full operation when the earthquake occurred, all shutdown automatically. External power supply was available after the quake. While injecting water into the reactor pressure vessel using make-up water system, TEPCO recovered the core cooling function and made the unit into cold shutdown state one by one.  No parameter has shown abnormality after the earthquake occurred off an shore of Miyagi prefecture at 23:32, Apr. 7th.  Latest Monitor Indication: 1.6 µ Sv/h at 09:00, May 23rd at NPS border  Evacuation Area: 3km from NPS(3/12 7:45), 10km from NPS(3/12 17:39), 8km from NPS(4/21)					

Power Station	Onagawa Nuclear Power Station			
Unit	1	2	3	
Operation Status at the earthquake occurred	In Service → Automatic Shutdown			
Status	All the units are in cold shutdown.			
Remarks		ernal power lines have become available by	after an earthquake occurred off the shore of Apr. 10th. Monitoring posts' readings have shown ne earthquake.	

Power Station	Tokai Dai−ni		
Operation Status at the earthquake occurred	In Service → Automatic Shutdown		
Status	In cold shutdown.		
Remarks	No abnormality has been found after an earthquake occurred off the shore of Miyagi prefecture at 23:32, Apr. 7th.		

### Parameters in the Table

JAIF picks up these parameters to evaluate safety condition of the nuclear plants during this accident from the view point of the principles of nuclear power plant safety, which are "Shutdown", "Cooling" and "Containment". Then we create the chart. The following diagram is to show the correspondence relation of these parameters in the table to nuclear power plant safety.



# **Accidents of Fukushima Daiichi Nuclear Power Stations**

as of 17:00, May 23rd

# 1. Latest Major event and response May 22nd

13:02-14:40 Hydrazine added freshwater was injected into the SFP at Unit 2 using concrete pump vehicle. 15:33-17:09 Water was sprayed to the No1 spent fuel pool

May 23rd

11:31 Volume of water to No.3 Reactor injected through fire extinguishing line was changed to 5 m3/h from 6 m3/h. 14:08 Volume of water to No.3 Reactor injected through fire extinguishing line was changed to 4 m3/h from 5 m3/h.

1) Fukushima Dai-ichi NP	Unit 1		Unit 3	Unit 4	Unit-5 and 6	
Major Incidents and Actions	11th 15:42 Report IAW Article 10* (Loss of power)	11th 15:42 Report IAW Article 10* (Loss of power)	11th 15:42 Report IAW Article 10* (Loss of power)	14th 04:08 Water temperature in Spent Fuel Storage Pool increased at 84°C	19th 05:00 Cooling SFP with RHR-pump started at Unit !	
*The Act on Special Measures Concerning Nuclear Emergency Preparedness	11th 16:36 Event falling under Article 15* occurred (Incapability of water injection by core cooling function)	11th 16:36 Event falling under Article 15* occurred (Incapability of water injection by core cooling function)	12th 20:41 Start venting	15th 09:38 Fire occurred on 3rd floor (extinguished spontaneously)	19th 22:14 Cooling SFP with RHR-pump started at Unit 6	
	12th 00:49 Event falling under Article 15* occurred (Abnormal	13th 11:00 Start venting	13th 05:10 Event falling under Article 15* occurred	16th 05:45 Fire occurred (extinguished spontaneously)	20th 14:30 Cold shutdown achieved at Unit 5. 20th 19:27 Cold shutdown achieved at Unit 6.	
	rise of CV pressure) 12th 14:30 Start venting	14th 13:25 Event falling under Article 15* occurred (Loss of reactor	(Loss of reactor cooling functions)  13th 08:41 Start venting	Since 20th, operation of spraying water to the	22nd 19:27 Cold shutdown achieved at Onit 6.  22nd 19:41 All power source was switched to external AC	
	12th 15:36 Hydrogen explosion	cooling functions) 14th 16:34 Seawater injection to RPV	13th 13:12 Seawater injection to RPV	spent fuel pool continues. 29th 11:50 lights in the main control room	power at Unit 5 and 6.	
	12th 20:20 Seawater injection to RPV	14th 22:50 Report IAW Article 15* (Abnormal rise of CV pressure)		becomes available	Apr. 1st 13:40 Start transferring pooled water in the Unit 6	
	22nd 11:20 RPV temperature increased	15th 00:02 Start venting	14th 07:44 Event falling under Article 15* occurred (Abnormal rise of CV pressure)	Apr. 13 13:50 Installation of silt fences in front of the Unit 3 and 4 seawater screen completed	radioactive waste process facility to the Unit 5 condenser	
	22nd 02:33 Seawater injection through feed water line started in addition to fire extinguish line	15th 06:10 Sound of explosion, Suppression Pool damage suspected	14th 11:01 Hydrogen explosion	May 5 12:19 Operation of spraying water to the spent fuel pool with concrete pump truck	May1 14:00 The operation of transferring water accumulated in Turbine bldg of unit-6 to the makeshift	
	24th 11:30 lights in the main control room becomes available	15th 08:25 White smoke reeked	15th 10:22 Radiation dose 400mSv/h	conducted.	tank started.	
	25th 15:37 Freshwater injection to the reactor started.	20th 15:05 operation of spraying water to the spent fuel pool started.	16th 08:34, 10:00 White smoke reeked	May 6 12:38 Operation of spraying water to the	imay2 10:00 The operation of transferring water accumulated in Turbine bldg of unit-6 to the makeshift	
	27th 08:30 Continuing to transfer the water in the basement of the turbine building	26th 10:10 Freshwater injection to the reactor started.	Since 17th, operation of spraying water to the spent fuel pool continues.	spent fuel pool with concrete pump truck conducted.	tank conducted.  May 2 11:03 The Residual heat removal pump temporally stopped while start up transformer testing.	
	31st 09:20-11:25 Work to remove the water in the trench	26th 16:46 lights in the main control room becomes available	21st 15:55 Slightly gray smoke equated (19:02	May 7 14:05 Operation of spraying water to the	May3 14:00 The operation of transferring water	
	31st 12:00 Start to transfer the water in the CST to the surge tank (- 15:27, Apr. 2)	29th 16:45 Start to transfer the water in the CST to the surge tank	22nd 22:46 lights in the main control room becomes available	spent fuel pool with concrete pump truck conducted.	accumulated in Turbine bldg of unit-6 to the makeshift tank conducted.	
	31st 13:03 Start water injection to SFP	Apr. 2nd 16:25 Start injecting concrete to stop water leakage from the pit near the intake	25th 18:02 Freshwater injection to the reactor	May 9.16:05 Operation of spraying water to the	May 7 10:00 The operation of transferring water	
	Apr. 3rd 12:18 Switch power supply for water injection pumps to the RPV from power supply vehicles to originally equipped power source	Apr. 2nd 17:10 Start transferring water in the condencer to the CST	28th 17:40 Start to transfer the water in the CST to the surge tank	May 9 16:05 Operation of spraying water to the spent fuel pool with concrete pump truck conducted.	May 7 10:00 The operation of transferring water accumulated in Turbine bldg of unit-6 to the makeshift tank conducted.	
	Apr. 7th 01:31 Injection of Nitrogen gas started after opening all valves through the line.	Apr. 3rd 12:18 Switch power supply for water injection pumps to the RPV from power supply vehicles to originally equipped power source	injection pumps to the RPV from power supply	May 11 16:07 Operation of spraying water to the spent fuel pool with concrete pump truck conducted.	May9 14:00 The operation of transferring water accumulated in Turbine bldg of unit-6 to the makeshift tank conducted.	
	Apr. 10th 09:30 Transfer of water from the main condenser to the CST completed.	Apr. 5th 15:07 Regarding leakage from the pit that is closed to discharge outlet of unit-2, hardening agent was injected to hole dug surrounding the pit. (Apr. 6 05:38 It was confirmed that water flow stopped	Unit 3 and 4 seawater screen completed	May 13 16:04 Operation of spraying water to the spent fuel pool with concrete pump truck conducted.	May10 10:00 The operation of transferring water accumulated in Turbine bldg of unit-6 to the makeshift tank conducted.	
	Apr. 14 12:20 Installation of silt fences in front of the Unit 1and 2 seawater screen and intake completed	Apr. 9th 13:10 Transfer of water from the main condenser to the CST completed.	using a remote-controlled robot	May 15 16:25 Operation of spraying water to the spent fuel pool with concrete pump truck conducted.	May10 11:00 The operation of transferring water accumulated in reactor bldg of unit-6 to the waste processing facility conducted.	
	Apr 17 16:00 Start investigation of the inside of R/B using a remote-controlled robot.	Apr. 13th 17:04 Transfer of highly radioactively contaminated wafter accumulated in the trench outside the turbine building to the condenser completed	installed motor driven pump conducted.	May 17 16:14 Operation of spraying water to the spent fuel pool with concrete pump truck conducted.	May11 10:00 The operation of transferring water accumulated in Turbine bldg of unit-6 to the makeshift tank conducted.	
	Apr. 29 11:36 The inside of the building was inspected. It was confirmed that there is no water significant leakage from the CV.	Apr. 14 12:20 Installation of silt fences in front of the Unit 1and 2 seawater screen and intake completed	IMAY 9 12:14 Water injected the SEP by originally	the spent fuel pool with concrete pump truck conducted.	May11 11:00 The operation of transferring water accumulated in reactor bldg of unit-6 to the waste processing facility conducted.	
	May 2 12:58 Water feeding was temporally switched from to the reactor injection pump to the fire pump to install alarm device to the reactor injection pump.	Apr. 15th 14:15 Installation of steel plate in front of Unit 2 seawater screen completed		May 21 16:00 Operation of spraying water to the spent fuel pool with concrete pump truck conducted.	May12 10:00 The operation of transferring water accumulated in Turbine bldg of unit-6 to the makeshift tank conducted.	
	May 5 11:32-16:36 Ventilators to clean the highly radioactive air inside the reactor building were installed and started.	Apr 18 13:42 Start investigation of the inside of R/B using a remote-controlled robot.	May 17 10:11 Volume of water through feed water line and fire extinguishing lineto No.3 Reactor increased		May12 10:30 The operation of transferring water accumulated in reactor bldg of unit-6 to the waste processing facility conducted.	
	May 11 08:58 N2 injection to the CV temporally stopped while the work for restoring one of external power sources being conducted. It resumed later.	Apr. 19 10:08 Start transferring highly radioactive water accumulated in the turbine building and the concrete tunnel to the waste processing facility	May 17 18:04 Start transferring water accumulated in the turbine building and the concrete tunnel to the waste processing facility		May13 10:00 The operation of transferring water accumulated in Turbine bldg of unit-6 to the makeshift tank conducted.	
	May 12 05:00 Instrumental reading of the water gage of the reactor No1 went off the scale on the lower side after adjusting the gage.	Apr. 30 14:05 Start transferring highly radioactive water accumulated in the vertical part of the concrete tunnel outside the turbine BLDG to the waste processing facility	May 18 16:30 Examine the reactor BLDG prior to nitrogen injection		May 13 11:00 Water accumulated in the room for high pressure injection system discharged to other space.	
	May 17 11:50 Volume of water injected was changed to 6 m3/h from 10 m3/h.	May 1 13:35 The work to block the vertical concrete tunnel outside the turbine bldg started.	May 20 14:15 Volume of water through feed water line and fire extinguishing lineto No.3 Reactor changed (increase)		May14 10:00 The operation of transferring water	
	May 20 15:06 Water injected to the SFP	May 2 12:58 Water feeding was temporally switched from to the reactor injection pump to the fire pump to install alarm device to the reactor injection pump.	May 20 17:39 Volume of water through feed water line and fire extinguishing lineto No.3 Reactor changed (increase)		accumulated in Turbine bldg of unit-6 to the makeshift tank conducted.	
	May 22 15:33 Water injected to the SFP	May 6 09:36 Water injected to the SFP	May 23 11:31 Volume of water through feed water line and fire extinguishing lineto No.3 Reactor changed (decrease)		May15 10:00 The operation of transferring water accumulated in Turbine bldg of unit-6 to the makeshift tank conducted.	



		May 7 09:22 Operation of discharging water accumulated in the concrete tunnel outside turbine bldgtto he waste processing facility temporally stopped while piping work for feeding water into the reactor being conducted.	May 23 14:08 Volume of water through feed water line and fire extinguishing lineto No.3 Reactor changed (decrease)		
		May 10 13:09 Water injected the SFP conducted			May16 10:00 The operation of transferring water
		May 12 15:20 Operation of discharging water accumulated in the concrete tunnel outside turbine bldg to the waste processing facility temporally restarted,			accumulated in Turbine bldg of unit-6 to the makeshift tank conducted.
		May 14 13:00 Water injected to the SFP			May17 10:00 The operation of transferring water accumulated in Turbine bldg of unit-6 to the makeshift tank conducted.
		May 18 09:23 4 workers entered the reactor BLDG to measure radiation			May18 10:00 The operation of transferring water accumulated in Turbine bldg of unit-6 to the makeshift tank conducted.
		May 18 13:10 Hydrazine added freshwater was injected into the SFP at Unit 2 using concrete pump vehicle.			May 18 10:30 transferring water accumulated in the reactor bldg to the waste processing facility conducted
		May 22 13:02 Hydrazine added freshwater was injected into the SFP at Unit 2 using concrete pump vehicle.			
Major Data *1	Reactor Water level (May 23 11:00)	Reactor Water level (May 23 11:00)	Reactor Water level (May 23 11:00)		Water temperature of SFP
	(A) (Lower beyond lower end of the gauge, (B) -1600mm	(A) -1500mm, (B) -2100mm	(A) -1800mm, (B) -2250mm	SFP water temperature measured with a	Unit 5 43.5°C (May 23 12:00)
	Reactor pressure (May 23 11:00)	Reactor pressure (May 23 11:00)	Reactor pressure (May 23 11:00)	concrete pump vehicle	Unit 6 39.0°C (May 23 12:00)
	(A) 0.545MPaG, (B) 1.468MPaG*2	(A) -0.016MPaG*2, (B) -0.020MPaG*2	(A) -0.121MPaG*2, (B) -0.113MPaG*2	Apr. 12 : about 90 °C 22 before spray: about 91 °C	
	CV pressure (May 23 11:00) 0.1333MPaabs	CV pressure (May 23 11:00) 0.040MPaabs	CV pressure (May 23 11:00) 0.1008MPaabs		
	RPV temperature (May 23 11:00) 117.2°C*2 at feed water line nozzle	RPV temperature (May 23 11:00)  112.5°C at feed water line nozzle  Water temperature in SFP (May 23 11:00) 70.0 °C	RPV temperature (May 23 11:00)  105.8°C*2 at feed water line nozzle	23 before spray: about 83°C 23 after spray: about 66°C 24 before spray: about 86°C	
	Thermography (Apr. 26 23:00)	Thermography (Apr. 26 07:30)	Thermography (Apr. 26 07:30)	24 after spray: about 81°C	
	CV: 25°C, SFP: 23°C	Top of R/B: 24°C	CV: 26°C, SFP: 56°C	, ,	

# (2) Fukushima Dai-ni NPPs

All units are cold shutdown (Unit-1, 2, 4 have been recovered from a event falling under Article 15\*)

# 3. State of Emergency Declaration

11th 19:03 State of nuclear emergency was declared (Fukushima Dai-ni NPS)

12th 07:45 State of nuclear emergency was declared (Fukushima Dai-ichi NPS)

# 4. Evacuation Order

11th 21:23 PM direction: for the residents within 3km radius from Fukushima I to evacuate, within 10km radius from Fukushima I to stay in-house

12th 05:44 PM direction: for the residents within 10km radius from Fukushima I to evacuate

12th 17:39 PM direction: for the residents within 10km radius from Fukushima II to evacuate

12th 18:25 PM direction: for the residents within 20km radius from Fukushima I to evacuate

15th 11:06  $\,$  PM direction: for the residents within 20-30km radius from Fukushima I to stay in-house

25th Governmental advise: for the residents within 20-30 km radius from Fukushima I to voluntarily evacuate

# Abbreviations:

SFP: Spent Fuel Storage Pool EDG: Emergency Diesel Generator

RPV: Reactor Pressure Vessel

R/B: Reactor Building

RHR: Residual Heat Removal system

CST: Condensate water Storage Tank

T/B: Turbine Building

\*1 Trend data of primary parameters are available at Japan Nuclear Technology Institute's Home Page; "http://www.gengikyo.jp/english/shokai/special\_4.html". \*2 Data trend is continuously monitored.

