# Information on Status of Nuclear Power Plants in Fukushima



Japan Atomic Industrial Forum, Inc.

Policy on information and compilation

This JAIF-compiled information chart represents the situation, phenomena, and operations in which JAIF estimates and guesses the reactors and related facilities are, based on the latest data and information directly and indirectly made available by the relevant organizations when JAIF's updating works done. Consequently, JAIF may make necessary changes to descriptions in the chart, once (1) new developments have occurred in the status of reactors and facilities and (2) JAIF has judged so needed after reexamining the prior information and judgments.

JAIF will do its best to keep tracks on the information on the nuclear power plants quickly and accurately.

# Status of nuclear power plants in Fukushima as of 12:00, May 23rd (Estimated by JAIF)

Enter / Thereof Power region (990)  400 1910  747 2931  787 2911	Unit Electric / Thermal Power output (MW) Type of Reactor	1		ver Station Fukushima Dai-ichi Nuclear Power Station						
Electric Cylinder   1907   190   194 / 201   194 / 2	Type of Reactor		2	3	_	5	6			
Trout of Router   1900-14	Type of Reactor	L U				•	1100 /3293			
Fig. 1 and a complete instead in Corner or work Pull Holgery (Seeder in a server blood or any processes of the count in legally and the control of the contr	Operation Status at the earthquake occurred						BWR-5			
The secondaries to detail in Community (Londer International Control of Community (Londer International Control	•	In Service -> Shutdown	In Service -> Shutdown	In Service -> Shutdown	Outage	Outage	Outage			
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Treatment Vessel structural injuryty										
Designation of the process of the position of										
Part Service Continued Processing AC Spoore   Law Continued Processing AC Spoore										
Core change PAC power 2 (Conit showped The Chandgers) (Conit showp	Core cooling requiring AC power 1									
Rusling integrity  Building integrity  Buildin	Core cooling requiring AC power 2	g requiring AC power 2 ough Heat Exchangers)  Not Functional  Not Functional  Not Functional  Not Functional  Not Functional  Severely Damaged  Not necessary  Functioning (in cold shutdown)  (in cold shutdown)  Severely Damaged  Open a vent hole on the ro								
Water Lavel of the Rector Pressure Vessel Pressure / Temperature of the Rector Pressure Containing (Senter Pressure Stable Stabl	Building Integrity									
Prosour / Temperature of the Reactor Pressure (seese)  Stable Sta	Water Level of the Rector Pressure Vessel		Fuel exposed partially or fully			Safe	e			
Version (Version) (Version										
Water injection to core (Accident Management)  Continuing (Switch from seawater to freshwater) Feed water to fill up the CV (started 4/27) Feed water to f	•	Gradually increasing / Gradually decreasing	Unknown / Stable		Sate Sate	Sate	e			
Water injection to care (Accident Management)  Ordinaring (Switch from seawater to freshwater) Feed water to fill up the CV (clarated 4/22) Feed water to fi	Containment Vessel Pressure	Stable	Stable	Stable	Safe	Safe	e			
Water injection to Containment Vessel (AM)  Food water to fill up the CV (planned)  Temporally stopped  Te	Water injection to core (Accident Management)		_	Continuing (Switch from seawater to freshwater)		Not nece	essary			
Sentament Venting (AM)   Temporally stopped   Temporally stopped   Temporally stopped   Not necessary	Water injection to Containment Vessel (AM)		<u> </u>	Feed water to fill up the CV (planned)	Not necessary	Not nece	essarv			
File I bragety in the gent fuel pool  Uklnown  Uklnown  Damage Supported  Some of the spent fuel may have been developed been developed in the pool  Water spray continues (Freshwater)  Polacosing spallbury  Water spray continues (Freshwater)  Water spray continues (Freshwater)  Water spray continues (Freshwater)  Polacosing spallbury  Water spray continues (Freshwater)  Polacosing spallbury  Polacosing spallbury  Water spray continues (Freshwater)  Polacosing spallbury  Polacosing spallbury  Net damaged (estimater)  Polacosing spallbur		•		7						
Unknown   Unknown   Damage Suspected   Cooling of the spent fuel pool   Water spray continues (freshwater)   Swater injection continues (Switch from sewater to freshwater)   Swater to freshwate	5 , ,		, , ,							
Water spray continues (freshwater) water injection continues (Switch from part fuel pool water injection continues (Switch from part to freshwater)  Main Centrol Room Habitability & Operability  Poor due to lose of AD power Highting and summater monitoring restored in the control room at Junit 1 and 3 on Mar. 24th at Junit 2 on Mar. 26th at Junit 4 on Mar. 26th at							876			
Main Control Room Habitability & Operability  Portuge to live as of AD power. Legiting and parameter monitoring restored in the control from at Limit 1 and 3 on New 24th at Unit 2 on New 26th at Unit 4 on Mar 28th)  Not damaged (estimated)  Settine in fluchtime Dan-ich IRPS site Resistant Inels (80) Such as the second of the office building. 18.0 Su/L in the Nest space as of 6000, Mar 20th, at the Main ages, as of 1030, May 21st.  Settine in fluchtime Dan-ich IRPS site Resistant Inels (80) Su/L as the second second in the control from a live 1 and 3 on New 24th at Unit 2 on New 26th at Unit 4 on Mar 28th)  Not damaged (estimated)  Resistant Inels (80) Su/L as the second in the south side of the office building. 18.0 Su/L in the Nest space as of 6000, Mar 20th, at the Main ages, as of 1030, May 21st.  Some rediscative material was expected in the subject of the office building. 18.0 Su/L in the Nest space as as of 6000, Mar 20th, at the Main ages, as of 1030, May 21st.  Settlement of the second in the subject of the second in the second in the s	Fuel Integrity in the spent fuel pool	Unknown				Not Dam	naged			
Addition tevel. 38 L2 SUTA the evoluth ide of the office building. IEU SUTA in the West gate, as of 0.900. May 23 LL 42 SV/h at the Main gate, as of 10.30, May 21st.  Some radioactive nucles (I, Ca, Pu, Am Ch and SV) has been detected in samples accepted from underground water and see water at or near the site. Environmental monitoring has been enhanced.  Radioactive materials continues to be detected in samples corrected from underground water and see water at or one active active to the capies in the seabed samples taken 15-20 km far from the plant from 15-20m deep. Level of radiation is 100 to 1,000 times above normal. (5,4)  Builduness to the people's life Radioactive material was detected from milk, agricultural products and seafood from Enulushims and neighboring prefectures. The government issued order to limit shipment and intake of some products.  Radioactive indien, exceeding the provisional legal limit for drinker, was detected from tap water sempled in some prefectures. The government issued order to limit shipment and intake of some products.  Radioactive indien, exceeding the provisional legal limit for drinker, was detected from tap water sempled in some prefectures. The power station.  Small amount of strontium was detected in the sudge from a sewage treatment plants, one of which is 50 km far from the power station.  Radioactive load of the seval of the service										
Environmental effect  Environmental environmen							(estimate)			
Evacuation  33 Shall be evacuated for within 20km from NPS (issued at 18:25, Mar. 12th). (4) Shall stay indoors (issued at 11:30, Mar. 15th), Should consider leaving (issued at 11:30, Mar. 25th) for from 20km to 30km from NPS (5) The 20km evacuation around the Fukushima Dailchi NPS is to be expanded so as to include the area, where annual radiation exposure is expected to be above 20mSv. People in the expanded zone are ordered to evacuate within a month or so. People living in 30km and other than the expanded evacuation area mentioned above, are asked to get prepared for staying indoors or evacuation in an emergency (announced on Apr. 11th and issued on Apr. 22nd).  Level 7*2 **Cumulative amount of radioactivity from Fukushima Dilichi NPS has reached the level to be classified as level 7.  Total amount of radioactive materials released to the environment in this accident is one tenth as much as one in the Chernobyl accident so far.  Progress of the work to restore cooling function  TEPCO announced its plan to bring the damaged reactors to stable condition known as "cold shutdown" in about 6 to 9 months, a situation in which water temperatures inside the reactors have been stably brought below 100 C.(4/17, rev High radiation circumstance hampering the work to restore reactor cooling function at unit-1,2 and 3. Operation to discharge radioactive water in the basement of the buildings and concrete tunnels outside the buildings of all Unit 1, 2, 3, 5 unit 2 on April 19 and counties.  Works inside the reactor bldg becomes available after radiation inside were forcibly decreased through air purification.  Emergency power generators were moved to higher ground in order to prevent the reactors' cooling systems from failing in case a major tsunami hits the plant again. External power source becomes more reliable after connecting 3 power asch other, which are for Unit 1/2, for Unit 3/4 and for Unit 5/6.  The damaged containment vessel of the plan to cool the reactor through filling the containment vessel with water up to	Environmental effect	●Influence to the people's life			s 100 to 1,000 times above normal. (5/4)					
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TEPCO announced its plan to bring the damaged reactors to stable condition known as "cold shutdown" in about 6 to 9 months, a situation in which water temperatures inside the reactors have been stably brought below 100 C.(4/17, rev High radiation circumstance hampering the work to restore reactor cooling function at unit-1,2 and 3. Operation to discharge radioactive water in the basement of the buildings and concrete tunnels outside the buildings of all Unit 1, 2, 3, s unit 2 on April 19 and counties.  Works inside the reactor bldg becomes available after radiation inside were forcibly decreased through air purification.  Emergency power generators were moved to higher ground in order to prevent the reactors' cooling systems from failing in case a major tsunami hits the plant again. External power source becomes more reliable after connecting 3 power each other, which are for Unit 1/2, for Unit 3/4 and for Unit 5/6.  The damaged containment vessel of unit 2 is need to be repaired before the work to restore reactor cooling function.  TEPCO developed the plan to cool the reactor through filling the containment vessel with water up to the top of fuel level.(4/17) However, since it turned out that the containment vessel in Unit 1 was leaking as in Unit 2 while there was a leaking in Unit 3, TEPCO has revised its plan to establish a cooling water recirculation system that purifies the pooled water in the building and inject it into the reactor vessel. (5/17)  TEPCO estimated that fuel pellets would have melted and fallen to the bottom of the reactor at Unit 1 in its tentative assessment released on May 15. TEPCO also predict that an event associated with large amount of radioactive material containment vessel in Unit 1 and the properties of the pooling water recirculation system that purifies the pooled water in the building and inject it into the reactor vessel. (5/17)		●Influence to the people's life Radioactive material was detected from milk, agr Radioactive iodine, exceeding the provisional leg Radioactive cesium was detected in the sludge f Small amount of strontium was detected in some Radioactive Cs above the legal limits have been  <1> Shall be evacuated for within 3km from NPS <3> Shall be evacuated for within 20km from NP around the Fukushima Daiichi NPS is to be expa	ricultural products and seafood from Fukushin al limit for drinking water, was detected from from a sewage treatment plants, one of which a samples of soil and plants collected in the a detected in tea leaves harvested in some press, Shall stay indoors for within 10km from NPS (issued at 18:25, Mar. 12th) <4> Shall stay nded so as to include the area, where annual	na and neighboring prefectures. The government issued tap water sampled in some prefectures. All the restrict is 50 km far from the power station.  Area 20-80 km away from the power station.  Affectures. The pref governments have asked the munication of the fectures of	d order to limit shipment and intake of some products. It is so intake of the water, which was once issued by the stippalities and the local farmers' association to voluntarily half for within 10km from NPS (issued at 05:44, Mar. 12th) eaving (issued at 11:30, Mar. 25th) for from 20km to 30km feeple in the expanded zone are ordered to evacuate within a	It shipments.(5/13-)	evacuation zone			
Remarks  will not happen, since reactor have been cooled by means of water injection.*4  Function of containing radioactive material  It is presumed that radioactive material inside the reactor vessel may leaked outside.  Nitrogen gas injection into the Unit 1 containment vessel to prevent hydrogen explosion started on April 6th and continues.  Preparation work for covering the reactor building was started at Unit 1 (5/13). Operation for Installing the the cover over the building is scheduled to start in June.  Cooling the spent fuel pool (SFP)  Injecting and/or spraying water to the SFP continues for the purpose of cooling and makeing up water evaporated. Corrosion inhibitor, Hydrazine (H2NNH2), has been injected into the SFP (5/9-).  The walls of the reactor building supporting the pool were severely damaged by an explosion on March 15th at unit-4. Work for structural reinforcement to support the SFP is necessary.	Evacuation	●Influence to the people's life Radioactive material was detected from milk, age Radioactive iodine, exceeding the provisional leg Radioactive cesium was detected in the sludge f Small amount of strontium was detected in some Radioactive Cs above the legal limits have been <1> Shall be evacuated for within 3km from NPS <3> Shall be evacuated for within 20km from NPS around the Fukushima Daiichi NPS is to be expa 30km and other than the expanded evacuation a Level 7*2 ※Cumulative amount of radioactive Total amount of radioactive materials released to t	ricultural products and seafood from Fukushin al limit for drinking water, was detected from from a sewage treatment plants, one of which a samples of soil and plants collected in the a detected in tea leaves harvested in some press, Shall stay indoors for within 10km from NPS (sissued at 18:25, Mar. 12th) <4> Shall stay indoors for within 10km from NPS (sissued at 18:25, Mar. 12th) <4> Shall stay inded so as to include the area, where annual rea mentioned above, are asked to get preparity from Fukushima Diichi NPS has reached the environment in this accident is one tenth as	na and neighboring prefectures. The government issued tap water sampled in some prefectures. All the restrict is 50 km far from the power station.  Irea 20-80 km away from the power station.  If ectures. The pref governments have asked the munical state of the power station.  It indoors (issued at 11:20, Mar. 11th) <2> Shall be evacuated at indoors (issued at 11:00, Mar. 15th), Should consider the radiation exposure is expected to be above 20mSv. Perfect of the staying indoors or evacuation in an emergency (in the level to be classified as level 7.	of some products. It order to limit shipment and intake of some products. It order to limit shipment and intake of some products. It ons of intake of the water, which was once issued by the stipalities and the local farmers' association to voluntarily halfor within 10km from NPS (issued at 05:44, Mar. 12th) eaving (issued at 11:30, Mar. 25th) for from 20km to 30km from 11 the expanded zone are ordered to evacuate within a fannounced on Apr. 11th and issued on Apr. 22nd).	It shipments.(5/13-)	evacuation zone			
Construction work for intalling a heatexchager to cool the SFP began at Unit 2.(5/17-)  Prevention of the proliferation of radioactively contaminated substance:  TEPCO announced the plans to prevent radioactively contaminated water, dust and soil and radioactive material itself existing on site from spreading on Apr 17.	Evacuation  INES (estimated by NISA)	Influence to the people's life Radioactive material was detected from milk, age Radioactive iodine, exceeding the provisional leg Radioactive cesium was detected in the sludge for small amount of strontium was detected in some Radioactive Cs above the legal limits have been  ⟨1⟩ Shall be evacuated for within 3km from NPS ⟨3⟩ Shall be evacuated for within 20km from NPS around the Fukushima Daiichi NPS is to be expa 30km and other than the expanded evacuation as Level 7*2 ★ Cumulative amount of radioactive Total amount of radioactive materials released to the strength of the work to restore cooling function TEPCO announced its plan to bring the damaged High radiation circumstance hampering the work unit 2 on April 19 and counties.  Works inside the reactor bldg becomes available Emergency power generators were moved to high each other, which are for Unit 1/2, for Unit 3/4 The damaged containment vessel of unit 2 is near TEPCO developed the plan to cool the reactor the leaking in Unit 3, TEPCO has revised its plan to TEPCO estimated that fuel pellets would have multing in Unit 3, TEPCO has revised its plan to TEPCO estimated that fuel pellets would have multing in Unit 3, TEPCO has revised its plan to TEPCO estimated that fuel pellets would have multing in Unit 3, TEPCO has revised its plan to TEPCO estimated that fuel pellets would have multing in Unit 3, TEPCO has revised its plan to TEPCO estimated that fuel pellets would have multing happen, since reactor have been cooled of Function of containing radioactive material. It is presumed that radioactive material inside the Nitrogen gas injection into the Unit 1 containment Preparation work for covering the reactor building Cooling the spent fuel pool (SFP) Injecting and/or spraying water to the SFP cont The walls of the reactor building supporting the Construction work for intalling a heatexchager to Prevention of the proliferation of radioactively construction of the proliferation of radioactively construction work for intalling a heatexchager to Prevention of	ricultural products and seafood from Fukushinal limit for drinking water, was detected from from a sewage treatment plants, one of which a samples of soil and plants collected in the addetected in tea leaves harvested in some press, Shall stay indoors for within 10km from NPS (sissued at 18:25, Mar. 12th) <4> Shall stay indoors for within 10km from NPS (sissued at 18:25, Mar. 12th) <4> Shall stay inded so as to include the area, where annual rea mentioned above, are asked to get prepartity from Fukushima Diichi NPS has reached the environment in this accident is one tenth as different reactors to stable condition known as "cold to restore reactor cooling function at unit-1, after radiation inside were forcibly decreased the ground in order to prevent the reactors' of and for Unit 5/6. The details a cooling water recirculation system the stablish a cooling water recirculation system telted and fallen to the bottom of the reactor by means of water injection.*4  The reactor vessel may leaked outside.  The type of the purpose of cooling and makeing gool were severely damaged by an explosion of cool the SFP began at Unit 2.(5/17-) ontaminated substance:	na and neighboring prefectures. The government issued tap water sampled in some prefectures. All the restrict is 50 km far from the power station.  Irea 20–80 km away from the power station.  Iffectures. The pref governments have asked the munic is (issued at 21:23, Mar. 11th) <2> Shall be evacuated in indoors (issued at 11:00, Mar. 15th), Should consider for radiation exposure is expected to be above 20mSv. Pered for staying indoors or evacuation in an emergency (at the level to be classified as level 7.  If the level to be classified	d order to limit shipment and intake of some products. Itions of intake of the water, which was once issued by the stipalities and the local farmers' association to voluntarily halfor within 10km from NPS (issued at 05:44, Mar. 12th) eaving (issued at 11:30, Mar. 25th) for from 20km to 30km feeple in the expanded zone are ordered to evacuate within announced on Apr. 11th and issued on Apr. 22nd).  Level 3 *2  If water temperatures inside the reactors have been stably be absement of the buildings and concrete tunnels outside the stable out that the containment vessel in Unit 1 was leaking the into the reactor vessel. (5/17)  15. TEPCO also predict that an event associated with larger to start in June.  12NNH2), has been injected into the SFP (5/9-). The to support the SFP is necessary.	it shipments.(5/13-) from NPS <5>The 20km a month or so. People live a month or so. People live a month or so and the buildings of all Unit 1, it liable after connecting 3 g as in Unit 2 while there	evacuation zone ving in the 20 to  7, revised on 5/1 2, 3, started with power lines with was also risk of			

Government Nuclear Emergency Response Headquarters: News Release (-5/19 17:00), Press conference NISA: News Release (-5/22 15:00), Press conference TEPCO: Press Release (-5/23 09:00), Press Conference

INES: International Nuclear Event Scale NISA: Nuclear and Industrial Safety Agency

TEPCO: Tokyo Electric Power Company, Inc. NSC: Nuclear Safety Commission of Japan

\*2 Correction: Rating was raised from 5 to 7 for the accident of Unit 1 through 3

\*3 It is presumed that some of the spent fuel may have been damaged based on radioactive substance detected from the water sample taken from the pool of Unit 4.

\*4 TEPCO announced its tentative assessment on the status of the core of Unit 1on May 15th.

Low

High

Severe (Need immediate action)

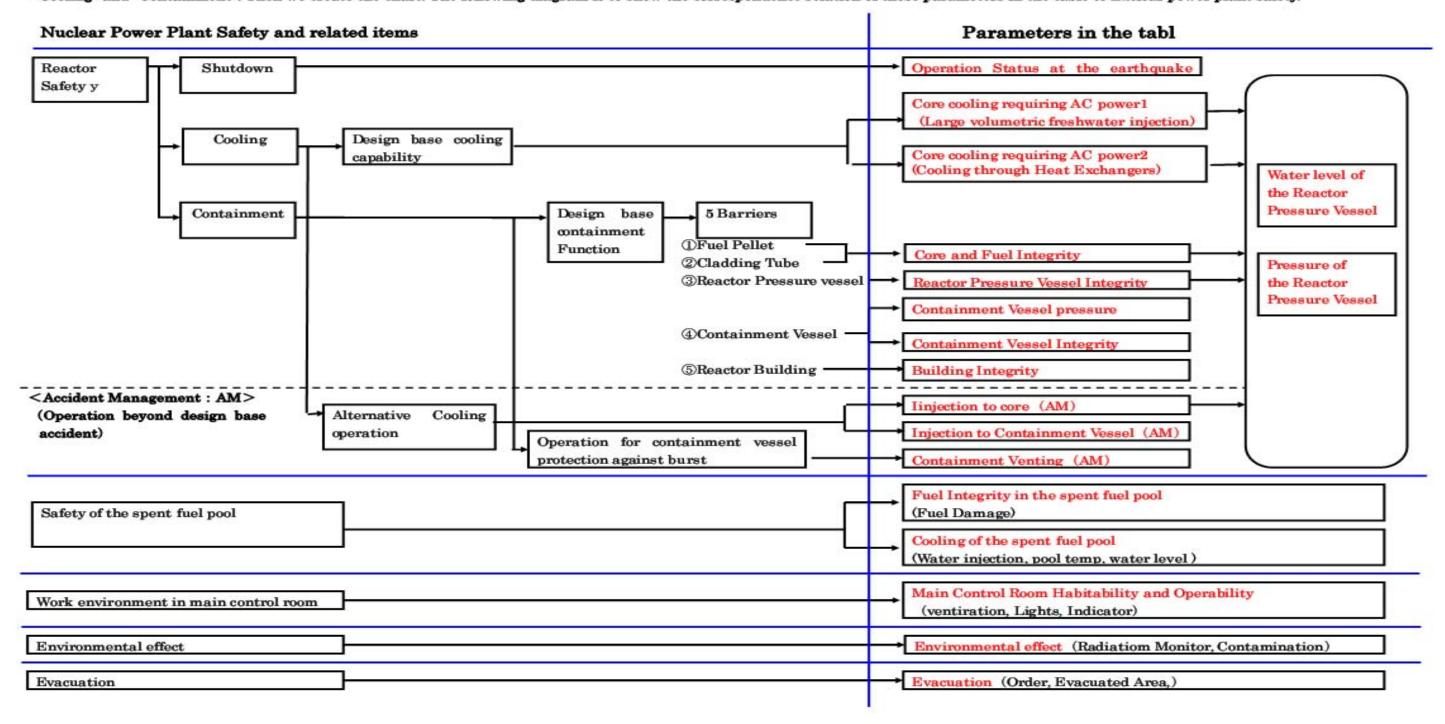
Power Station	Fukushima Dai-ni Nuclear Power Station					
Unit	1 2 3 4					
Electric / Thermal Power output (MW)	Thermal Power output (MW) 1100 / 3293					
Type of Reactor	BWR-5	BWR-5	BWR-5	BWR-5		
Operation Status at the earthquake occurred		In Servi	ice -> Automatic Shutdown			
Status		All the	units are in cold shutdown.			
INES (estimated by NISA)	Level 3	Level 3	_	Level 3		
Remarks	Unit-1, 2, 3 & 4, which were in full operation when the earthquake occurred, all shutdown automatically. External power supply was available after the quake. While injecting water into the reactor pressure vessel using make-up water system, TEPCO recovered the core cooling function and made the unit into cold shutdown state one by one.  No parameter has shown abnormality after the earthquake occurred off an shore of Miyagi prefecture at 23:32, Apr. 7th.  Latest Monitor Indication: 1.6 µ Sv/h at 09:00, May 23rd at NPS border  Evacuation Area: 3km from NPS(3/12 7:45), 10km from NPS(3/12 17:39), 8km from NPS(4/21)					

Power Station	Onagawa Nuclear Power Station				
Unit	1	2	3		
Operation Status at the earthquake occurred	In Service → Automatic Shutdown				
Status	All the units are in cold shutdown.				
Remarks	3 out of 4 external power lines in service with another line under construction broke down after an earthquake occurred off the shore of Miyagi prefecture at 23:32, Apr. 7th. All 5 external power lines have become available by Apr. 10th. Monitoring posts' readings have shown no abnormality. All SFP cooling systems had been restored after shutting down due to the earthquake.				

Power Station	Tokai Dai−ni In Service −> Automatic Shutdown		
Operation Status at the earthquake occurred			
Status	In cold shutdown.		
Remarks	No abnormality has been found after an earthquake occurred off the shore of Miyagi prefecture at 23:32, Apr. 7th.		

### Parameters in the Table

JAIF picks up these parameters to evaluate safety condition of the nuclear plants during this accident from the view point of the principles of nuclear power plant safety, which are "Shutdown", "Cooling" and "Containment". Then we create the chart. The following diagram is to show the correspondence relation of these parameters in the table to nuclear power plant safety.



Accidents of Fukushima Daiichi Nuclear Power Stations

as of 15:00, May 22nd

# 1. Latest Major event and response

May 21st

09:35 "Mega float", a giant storage barge, arrived at the port of Fukushima Daiich NPS.

14:00-18:00 Accumulated water in the basement of Unit 6 T/B was transferred to a makeshift tank.

09:00-16:00 Operation of removing debris was conducted using remote-controlled heavy machinary.

16:00-19:56 Freshwater with some hydrazin was sprayed into the SFP at Unit 4 using concrete pump vehicle.

May 22nd

13:02-14:40 Freshwater with some hydrazin was injected into the SFP at Unit 2 using concrete pump vehicle.

2. Chronology of Nuclear F (1) Fukushima Dai-ichi NPS					
	Unit 1		Unit 3	Unit 4	Unit-5 and 6
Major Incidents and Actions	11th 15:42 Report IAW Article 10* (Loss of power)	11th 15:42 Report IAW Article 10* (Loss of power)	11th 15:42 Report IAW Article 10* (Loss of power)	14th 04:08 Water temperature in Spent Fuel Storage Pool increased at 84 °C	19th 05:00 Cooling SFP with RHR-pump started at Unit 5
*The Act on Special	11th 16:36 Event falling under Article 15* occurred (Incapability of water injection by core cooling function)	11th 16:36 Event falling under Article 15* occurred (Incapability of water injection by core cooling function)	12th 20:41 Start venting	15th 09:38 Fire occurred on 3rd floor (extinguished spontaneously)	19th 22:14 Cooling SFP with RHR-pump started at Unit 6
	12th 00:49 Event falling under Article 15* occurred (Abnormal rise of CV pressure)	13th 11:00 Start venting	13th 05:10 Event falling under Article 15* occurred (Loss of reactor cooling functions)	16th 05:45 Fire occurred (extinguished spontaneously)	20th 14:30 Cold shutdown achieved at Unit 5. 20th 19:27 Cold shutdown achieved at Unit 6.
	12th 14:30 Start venting	14th 13:25 Event falling under Article 15* occurred (Loss of reactor cooling functions)	13th 08:41 Start venting	Since 20th, operation of spraying water to the spent fuel pool continues.	22nd 19:41 All power source was switched to external AC
	12th 15:36 Hydrogen explosion	14th 16:34 Seawater injection to RPV	13th 13:12 Seawater injection to RPV	29th 11:50 lights in the main control room	power at Unit 5 and 6.
	12th 20:20 Seawater injection to RPV	14th 22:50 Report IAW Article 15* (Abnormal rise of CV pressure)	14th 05:20 Start venting 14th 07:44 Event falling under Article 15* occurred	becomes available  Apr. 13 13:50 Installation of silt fences in front	Apr. 1st 13:40 Start transferring pooled water in the Unit 6
	22nd 11:20 RPV temperature increased	15th 00:02 Start venting	(Abnormal rise of CV pressure)	of the Unit 3 and 4 seawater screen completed	radioactive waste process facility to the Unit 5 condenser.
	22nd 02:33 Seawater injection through feed water line started in addition to fire extinguish line	15th 06:10 Sound of explosion, Suppression Pool damage suspected	14th 11:01 Hydrogen explosion	May 5 12:19 Operation of spraying water to the spent fuel pool with concrete pump truck	accumulated in Turbine bldg of unit-6 to the makeshift
	24th 11:30 lights in the main control room becomes available	15th 08:25 White smoke reeked	15th 10:22 Radiation dose 400mSv/h	conducted.	tank started. IMay2 10:00 The operation of transferring water
	25th 15:37 Freshwater injection to the reactor started.	20th 15:05 operation of spraying water to the spent fuel pool started.	16th 08:34, 10:00 White smoke reeked	May 6 12:38 Operation of spraying water to the spent fuel pool with concrete pump truck	
	27th 08:30 Continuing to transfer the water in the basement of the turbine building	26th 10:10 Freshwater injection to the reactor started.	Since 17th, operation of spraying water to the spent fuel pool continues.	conducted.	May 2 11:03 The Residual heat removal pump temporally stopped while start up transformer testing
	31st 09:20-11:25 Work to remove the water in the trench	26th 16:46 lights in the main control room becomes available	21st 15:55 Slightly gray smoke erupted (18:02 settled)	May 7 14:05 Operation of spraying water to the spent fuel pool with concrete pump truck	May3 14:00 The operation of transferring water accumulated in Turbine bldg of unit-6 to the makeshift
	31st 12:00 Start to transfer the water in the CST to the surge tank (- 15:27, Apr. 2)	29th 16:45 Start to transfer the water in the CST to the surge tank	22nd 22:46 lights in the main control room becomes available	conducted.	tank conducted.
	31st 13:03 Start water injection to SFP	Apr. 2nd 16:25 Start injecting concrete to stop water leakage from the pit near the intake	25th 18:02 Freshwater injection to the reactor started.	May 9 16:05 Operation of spraying water to the	
	Apr. 3rd 12:18 Switch power supply for water injection pumps to the RPV from power supply vehicles to originally equipped power source	Apr. 2nd 17:10 Start transferring water in the condencer to the CST	28th 17:40 Start to transfer the water in the CST to the surge tank	spent fuel pool with concrete pump truck conducted.	accumulated in Turbine bldg of unit-6 to the makeshift tank conducted.
	Apr. 7th 01:31 Injection of Nitrogen gas started after opening all valves through the line.	Apr. 3rd 12:18 Switch power supply for water injection pumps to the RPV from power supply vehicles to originally equipped power source	Apr. 3rd 12:18 Switch power supply for water injection pumps to the RPV from power supply vehicles to originally equipped power source	May 11 16:07 Operation of spraying water to the spent fuel pool with concrete pump truck conducted.	May9 14:00 The operation of transferring water accumulated in Turbine bldg of unit-6 to the makeshift tank conducted.
	Apr. 10th 09:30 Transfer of water from the main condenser to the CST completed.	Apr. 5th 15:07 Regarding leakage from the pit that is closed to discharge outlet of unit-2, hardening agent was injected to hole dug surrounding the pit. (Apr. 6 05:38 It was confirmed that water flow stopped	Apr. 13 13:50 Installation of silt fences in front of the Unit 3 and 4 seawater screen completed	May 13 16:04 Operation of spraying water to the spent fuel pool with concrete pump truck conducted.	May10 10:00 The operation of transferring water accumulated in Turbine bldg of unit-6 to the makeshift tank conducted.
	Apr. 14 12:20 Installation of silt fences in front of the Unit 1and 2 seawater screen and intake completed	Apr. 9th 13:10 Transfer of water from the main condenser to the CST completed.	Apr 17 11:30 Start investigation of the inside of R/B using a remote-controlled robot.		May10 11:00 The operation of transferring water accumulated in reactor bldg of unit-6 to the waste processing facility conducted.
	Apr 17 16:00 Start investigation of the inside of R/B using a remote-controlled robot.	Apr. 13th 17:04 Transfer of highly radioactively contaminated wafter accumulated in the trench outside the turbine building to the condenser completed	May 8 12:10 Water injected the SFP by temporally installed motor driven pump conducted.		May11 10:00 The operation of transferring water accumulated in Turbine bldg of unit-6 to the makeshift tank conducted.
	Apr. 29 11:36 The inside of the building was inspected. It was confirmed that there is no water significant leakage from the CV.	Apr. 14 12:20 Installation of silt fences in front of the Unit 1and 2 seawater screen and intake completed	May 9 12:14 Water injected the SFP by originally installed clean up system conducted.		May11 11:00 The operation of transferring water accumulated in reactor bldg of unit-6 to the waste processing facility conducted.
	May 2 12:58 Water feeding was temporally switched from to the reactor injection pump to the fire pump to install alarm device to the reactor injection pump.	Apr. 15th 14:15 Installation of steel plate in front of Unit 2 seawater screen completed	May 15 14:33 180kg of boric acid injection to No3 Reactor started.		May12 10:00 The operation of transferring water accumulated in Turbine bldg of unit-6 to the makeshift tank conducted.
	May 5 11:32-16:36 Ventilators to clean the highly radioactive air inside the reactor building were installed and started.	Apr 18 13:42 Start investigation of the inside of R/B using a remote-controlled robot.	May 16 15:00 Water injection by temporally installed motor driven pump started.		May12 10:30 The operation of transferring water accumulated in reactor bldg of unit-6 to the waste processing facility conducted.
	May 11 08:58 N2 injection to the CV temporally stopped while the work for restoring one of external power sources being conducted. It resumed later.	Apr. 19 10:08 Start transferring highly radioactive water accumulated in the turbine building and the concrete tunnel to the waste processing facility			May13 10:00 The operation of transferring water accumulated in Turbine bldg of unit-6 to the makeshift tank conducted.
	May 12 05:00 Instrumental reading of the water gage of the reactor No1 went off the scale on the lower side after adjusting the gage.	Apr. 30 14:05 Start transferring highly radioactive water accumulated in the vertical part of the concrete tunnel outside the turbine BLDG to the waste processing facility			May 13 11:00 Water accumulated in the room for high pressure injection system room discharged to other space.
		May 1 13:35 The work to block the vertical concrete tunnel outside the			
		turbine bldg started.  May 2 12:58 Water feeding was temporally switched from to the reactor injection pump to the fire pump to install alarm device to the reactor			May14 10:00 The operation of transferring water accumulated in Turbine bldg of unit-6 to the makeshift tank conducted.
		injection pump.			
		May 6 09:36 Water injected the SFP conducted  May 7 09:22 Operation of discharging water accumulated in the concrete			May15 10:00 The operation of transferring water
		tunnel outside turbine bldgtto he waste processing facility temporally stopped while piping work for feeding water into the reactor being conducted.			accumulated in Turbine bldg of unit-6 to the makeshift tank conducted.
		May 10 13:09 Water injected the SFP conducted			

		May 12 15:20 Operation of discharging water accumulated in the concrete tunnel outside turbine bldg to the waste processing facility temporally restarted,			May16 10:00 The operation of transferring water accumulated in Turbine bldg of unit-6 to the makeshift tank conducted.
		May 14 13:00 Water injection to the SFP was done			
Major Data *1  Reactor Water level (May 22 11:00)  (A) (Lower beyond lower end of the gauge , (B) -1600	Reactor Water level (May 22 11:00) (A) (Lower beyond lower end of the gauge, (B) -1600mm	Reactor Water level (May 22 11:00) (A) -1500mm, (B) -2100mm	Reactor Water level (May 22 11:00) (A) -1800mm, (B) -2250mm	ISEP water temperature measured with a	Water temperature of SFP
	Reactor pressure (May 22 11:00) (A) 0.530MPaG, (B) 1.435MPaG*2	Reactor pressure (May 22 11:00) (A) -0.018MPaG*2, (B) -0.020MPaG*2	Reactor pressure (May 22 11:00) (A) -0.104MPaG*2, (B) -0.096MPaG*2	concrete pump vehicle Apr. 12 : about 90 °C	Unit 5 44.1°C (May 22 12:00) Unit 6 30.0°C (May 22 12:00)
CV pressure (May 22 11:00) 0.1318MPaabs  RPV temperature (May 22 11:00)  117.1°C*2 at feed water line nozzle  Thermography (Apr. 26 23:00)  CV: 25°C SEP: 23°C	CV pressure (May 22 11:00) 0.040MPaabs	CV pressure (May 22 11:00) 0.1017MPaabs	22 before spray: about 91°C		
	RPV temperature (May 22 11:00)	RPV temperature (May 22 11:00) 112.4°C at feed water line nozzle Water temperature in SFP (May 22 11:00) 46.0 °C	RPV temperature (May 22 11:00)  108.0°C*2 at feed water line nozzle	23 before spray: about 83 °C 23 after spray: about 66 °C 24 before spray: about 86 °C	
	Thermography (Apr. 26 07:30)	Thermography (Apr. 26 07:30)	24 after spray : about 81 °C		

## (2) Fukushima Dai-ni NPPs

All units are cold shutdown (Unit-1, 2, 4 have been recovered from a event falling under Article 15\*)

### 3. State of Emergency Declaration

11th 19:03 State of nuclear emergency was declared (Fukushima Dai-ni NPS)

12th 07:45 State of nuclear emergency was declared (Fukushima Dai-ichi NPS)

## 4. Evacuation Order

11th 21:23 PM direction: for the residents within 3km radius from Fukushima I to evacuate, within 10km radius from Fukushima I to stay in-house

12th 05:44 PM direction: for the residents within 10km radius from Fukushima I to evacuate

12th 17:39 PM direction: for the residents within 10km radius from Fukushima II to evacuate

12th 18:25 PM direction: for the residents within 20km radius from Fukushima I to evacuate

15th 11:06 PM direction: for the residents within 20-30km radius from Fukushima I to stay in-house

25th Governmental advise: for the residents within 20-30 km radius from Fukushima I to voluntarily evacuate

Abbreviations:

SFP: Spent Fuel Storage Pool

EDG: Emergency Diesel Generator

RPV: Reactor Pressure Vessel

R/B: Reactor Building

RHR: Residual Heat Removal system

CST: Condensate water Storage Tank

T/B: Turbine Building

\*1 Trend data of primary parameters are available at Japan Nuclear Technology Institute's Home Page; "http://www.gengikyo.jp/english/shokai/special\_4.html". \*2 Data trend is continuously monitored.

