Information on Status of Nuclear Power Plants in Fukushima



Japan Atomic Industrial Forum, Inc.

Policy on information and compilation

This JAIF-compiled information chart represents the situation, phenomena, and operations in which JAIF estimates and guesses the reactors and related facilities are, based on the latest data and information directly and indirectly made available by the relevant organizations when JAIF's updating works done. Consequently, JAIF may make necessary changes to descriptions in the chart, once (1) new developments have occurred in the status of reactors and facilities and (2) JAIF has judged so needed after reexamining the prior information and judgments.

JAIF will do its best to keep tracks on the information on the nuclear power plants quickly and accurately.

Status of nuclear power plants in Fukushima as of 12:00, May 6th (Estimated by JAIF)

Power Station	Fukushima Dai-ichi Nuclear Power Station						
Unit	1	1 2 3 4		5	6		
Electric / Thermal Power output (MW)	460 / 1380	784 / 2381	784 / 2381	784 / 2381	5 6 784 / 2381 1100 /3293		
Type of Reactor	BWR-3	BWR-4	BWR-4	BWR-4	BWR-4	BWR-5	
Operation Status at the earthquake occurred	In Service -> Shutdown	In Service -> Shutdown	In Service -> Shutdown	Outage			
<u>'</u>				-	Outage Outage		
Fuel assemblies loaded in Core	400	548	548	No fuel rods	548	764	
Core and Fuel Integrity (Loaded fuel assemblies)	Damaged (55%*1)	Damaged (35%*1)	Damaged (30%*1)	No fuel rods	Not Da		
Reactor Pressure Vessel structural integrity	Unknown	Unknown	Unknown	Not Damaged	Not Damaged		
Containment Vessel structural integrity	Not Damaged (estimation)	Damage and Leakage Suspected	Not damaged (estimation)	Not Damaged	Not Damaged		
Core cooling requiring AC power 1 (Large volumetric freshwater injection)	Not Functional	Not Functional	Not Functional	Not necessary	Functional		
Core cooling requiring AC power 2 (Cooling through Heat Exchangers)	Not Functional	Not Functional	Not Functional	Not necessary	Functioning (in cold shutdown)		
Building Integrity	Severely Damaged (Hydrogen Explosion)	Slightly Damaged	Severely Damaged (Hydrogen Explosion)	Severely Damaged (Hydrogen Explosion)	Open a vent hole on the rooftop for avoiding hydrogen explosion		
Water Level of the Rector Pressure Vessel	Fuel exposed partially or fully	Fuel exposed partially or fully	Fuel exposed partially or fully	Safe	Sa	fe	
Pressure / Temperature of the Reactor Pressure Vessel	Gradually increasing / Decreased a little after increasing over 400°C on Mar. 24th	Unknown / Stable	Unknown	Safe	Safe		
Containment Vessel Pressure	Decreased a little after increasing up to 0.4Mpa on Mar. 24th	Stable	Stable	Safe	Safe		
Water injection to core (Accident Management)	Continuing (Switch from seawater to freshwater)	Continuing (Switch from seawater to freshwater)	Continuing (Switch from seawater to freshwater)	Not necessary	Not nec	cessary	
Water injection to Containment Vessel (AM)	Feed water to fill up the CV (started 4/27)	Feed water to fill up the CV (planned)	Feed water to fill up the CV (planned)	Not necessary	Not nec	essary	
Containment Venting (AM)	Temporally stopped	Temporally stopped	Temporally stopped	Not necessary	Not nec	essary	
Fuel assemblies stored in Spent Fuel Pool	292	587	514	1331	946 876		
Fuel Integrity in the spent fuel pool	Unknown	Unknown	Damage Suspected	some of the spent fuel may have been damaged*3	Not Da		
Cooling of the spent fuel pool	Water spray continues (freshwater)		Water spray and injection continues (Switch from seawater to freshwater)	Water spray and injection continues (Switch from seawater to freshwater), Hydrogen from the pool exploded (3/15)	Pool cooling capabi		
Main Control Room Habitability & Operability	Poor due to loss of AC power (I	Lighting and parmaeter monitoring restore	ed in the control room at Unit 1 and 3 on Mar. 24th, a	t Unit 2 on Mar. 26th, at Unit 4 on Mar. 29th)	Not damage	d (estimate)	
Environmental effect	Radiation level: 415 µ Sv/h at the south side of the office building, 46 µ Sv/h at the Main gate, 18 µ Sv/h at the West gate, as of 09:00, May 6th. Small amounts of Radioactive nuclides(I, Cs, Pu(3/28), Am and Cm(4/27)) has been detected in soil sampled at the Fukushima site. Radioactive materials continues to be detected in samples corrected from underground water and sea water at or near the site. Environmental monitoring has been enhanced. Radioactive Iodine and cesium have been detected in the seabed samples taken 15-20 km far from the plant from 15-20m deep. Level of radiation is 100 to 1,000 times above normal. (5/4) Influence to the people's life Radioactive material was detected from milk, agricultural products and seafood from Fukushima and neighboring prefectures. The government issued order to limit shipment and intake of some products. Radioactive iodine, exceeding the provisional legal limit for drinking water, was detected from tap water sampled in some prefectures. Radioactive cesium was detected in the sludge from a sewage treatment plant 50 km far from the power station. Small amount of strontium was detected in some samples of soil and plants corrected in the area that is 20-80 km far from the power station.						
Evacuation	<1> Shall be evacuated for within 3km from NPS, Shall stay indoors for within 10km from NPS (issued at 21:23, Mar. 11th) <2> Shall be evacuated for within 10km from NPS (issued at 05:44, Mar. 12th) <3> Shall be evacuated for within 20km from NPS (issued at 18:25, Mar. 12th) <4> Shall stay indoors (issued at 11:00, Mar. 15th), Should consider leaving (issued at 11:30, Mar. 25th) for from 20km to 30km from NPS <5>The 20km evacuation zon around the Fukushima Daiichi NPS is to be expanded so as to include the area, where annual radiation exposure is expected to be above 20mSv. People in the expanded zone are ordered to evacuate within a month or so. People living in the 20 to 30km and other than the expanded evacuation area mentioned above, are asked to get prepared for staying indoors or evacuation in an emergency (announced on Apr. 11th and issued on Apr. 22nd).						
INES (estimated by NISA)	Level 7*2 XCumulative amount of radioactivity from Fukushima Diichi NPS has reached the level to be classified as level 7. Total amount of radioactive materials released to the environment in this accident is one tenth as much as one in the Chernobyl accident so far. Level 3 *2			Level 3 *2	-	_	
Remarks	Progress of the work to restore cooling function TEPCO announced its plan to bring the damaged reactors to a stable condition known as a "cold shutdown" in about six to nine months, a situation in which water temperatures inside the reactors have been stably brought below 100 C.(4/17) High radiation circumstance hampering the work to restore reactor cooling function at unit-1,2 and 3. Operation to discharge radioactive water in the basement of the buildings and concrete tunnels outside the buildings of all Unit 1, 2, 3, started with unit 2 on April 19 and counties. Ventilators were installed at Unit 1(5/5), to clean the highly radioactive air inside the reactor building. Emergency power generators were moved to higher ground in order to prevent the reactors' cooling systems from failing in case a major tsunami hits the plant again. External power source becomes more reliable after connecting 3 power lines with each other, which are for Unit 1/2, for Unit 3/4 and for Unit 5/6. The damaged containment vessel of unit 2 is need to be repaired before the work to restore reactor cooling function. Function of containing radioactive material is inside the reactor vessel may leaked outside. NISA estimated that the reactor pressure vessel of Unit 2 and 3 may have lost air tightness. Nitrogen gas injection into the Unit 1 containment vessel to prevent hydrogen explosion started on April 6th and continues. Cooling the spent fuel pool (SFP) Injecting and/or spraying water to the SFP continues for the purpose cooling and make up water evaporated. The walls of the reactor building supporting the pool were severely damaged by an explosion on March 15th at unit-4. Work for structural reinforcement to support the SFP is necessary. Prevention of the proliferation of radioactively contaminated substance: TEPCO announced the plans to prevent radioactively contaminated water, dust and soil and radioactive material itself existing on site from spreading on Apr 17.						
[Source]	Full operation of spraying synthetic resin to con [Abbreviations]	ntain contaminated dust started on Apr. 26	th and continues. *1 TEPCO's estimation revised on Ap	oril 27	[Significance ju	udged by JAIF	

Government Nuclear Emergency Response Headquarters: News Release (-5/1 17:00), Press conference NISA: News Release (-5/3 15:00), Press conference

MEXT: Ministry of Education, Culture, Sports, Science and Technology

INES: International Nuclear Event Scale

NISA: Nuclear and Industrial Safety Agency

TEPCO: Tokyo Electric Power Company, Inc. NSC: Nuclear Safety Commission of Japan

*2 Correction: Rating was raised from 5 to 7 for the accident of Unit 1 through 3

*3 It is presumed that some of the spent fuel may have been damaged based on radioactive substance detected from the water sample taken from the pool of Unit 4.

Low High

Severe (Need immediate

action)

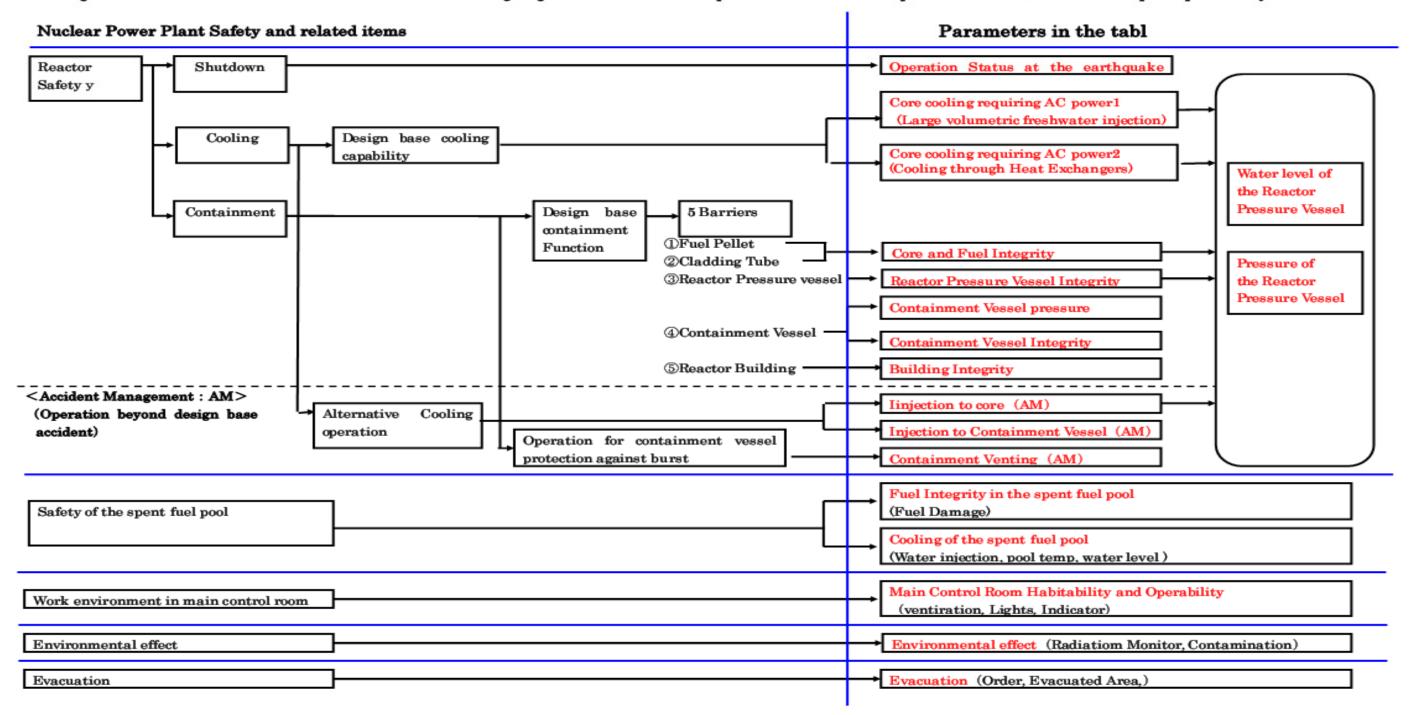
Power Station	Fukushima Dai-ni Nuclear Power Station					
Unit	1	2	3	4		
Electric / Thermal Power output (MW)	1100 / 3293					
Type of Reactor	BWR-5	BWR-5	BWR-5	BWR-5		
Operation Status at the earthquake occurred	In Service → Automatic Shutdown					
Status	All the units are in cold shutdown.					
INES (estimated by NISA)	Level 3	Level 3	_	Level 3		
Remarks	Unit-1, 2, 3 & 4, which were in full operation when the earthquake occurred, all shutdown automatically. External power supply was available after the quake. While injecting water into the reactor pressure vessel using make-up water system, TEPCO recovered the core cooling function and made the unit into cold shutdown state one by one. No parameter has shown abnormality after the earthquake occurred off an shore of Miyagi prefecture at 23:32, Apr. 7th. Latest Monitor Indication: 2.0 <u>u Sv/h at 09:00, May 6th</u> at NPS border Evacuation Area: 3km from NPS(3/12 7:45), 10km from NPS(3/12 17:39), 8km from NPS(4/21)					

Power Station	Onagawa Nuclear Power Station				
Unit	1	2	3		
Operation Status at the earthquake occurred	In Service → Automatic Shutdown				
Status All the units are in cold shutdown.					
Remarks	3 out of 4 external power lines in service with another line under construction broke down after an earthquake occurred off the shore of Miyagi prefecture at 23:32, Apr. 7th. All 5 external power lines have become available by Apr. 10th. Monitoring posts' readings have shown no abnormality. All SFP cooling systems had been restored after shutting down due to the earthquake.				

Power Station	Tokai Dai-ni		
Operation Status at the earthquake occurred	In Service -> Automatic Shutdown		
Status	In cold shutdown.		
Remarks	No abnormality has been found after an earthquake occurred off the shore of Miyagi prefecture at 23:32, Apr. 7th.		

Parameters in the Table

JAIF picks up these parameters to evaluate safety condition of the nuclear plants during this accident from the view point of the principles of nuclear power plant safety, which are "Shutdown", "Cooling" and "Containment". Then we create the chart. The following diagram is to show the correspondence relation of these parameters in the table to nuclear power plant safety.



Accidents of Fukushima Daiichi Nuclear Power Stations

as of 12:00, May 6th

1. Latest Major event and response

09:00-16:00 The operation of spraying synthetic resin to prevent contaminated dust and soil from spreading was conducted.

Work for setting up a local ventilation uniit to improve the work environment in the Unit 1 R/B was started.

14:00-17:00 The operation of transferring water accumulated in the Unit 6 T/B to the makeshift tank was conducted.

May 5th

16:36 Ventilators to clean the highly radioactive air inside the reactor building were installed at Unit 1.(5/5)

1) Fukushima Dai-ichi NPS	Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4	Unit-5 and 6	
Later Land Land Control of Market					19th 05:00 Cooling SFP with RHR-pump started	
	11th 15:42 Report IAW Article 10* (Loss of power)	11th 15:42 Report IAW Article 10* (Loss of power)	curred (Incapability of water 12th 20:41 Start vention	Pool increased at 84°C	at Unit 5	
	11th 16:36 Event falling under Article 15* occurred	11th 16:36 Event falling under Article 15* occurred (Incapability of water			19th 22:14 Cooling SFP with RHR-pump started	
Measures Concerning		injection by core cooling function)	, and the second	spontaneously)	at Unit 6	
	12th 00:49 Event falling under Article 15* occurred (Abnormal rise of CV pressure)	13th 11:00 Start venting	13th 05:10 Event falling under Article 15* occurred (Loss of reactor cooling functions)	16th 05:45 Fire occurred (extinguished spontaneously)	20th 14:30 Cold shutdown achieved at Unit 5. 20th 19:27 Cold shutdown achieved at Unit 6.	
Preparedness		14th 13:25 Event falling under Article 15* occurred (Loss of reactor cooling		Cinca 20th appretion of approximativator to the appent	the spent 22nd 19:41 All power source was switched to	
	12th 14:30 Start venting	functions)	13th 08:41 Start venting	fuel pool continues.		
	12th 15:36 Hydrogen explosion	14th 16:34 Seawater injection to RPV	13th 13:12 Seawater injection to RPV	29th 11:50 lights in the main control room becomes	'	
	12th 20:20 Seawater injection to RPV	14th 22:50 Report IAW Article 15* (Abnormal rise of CV pressure)	14th 05:20 Start venting	available	Apr. 1st 13:40 Start transferring pooled water in	
	22nd 11:20 RPV temperature increased	15th 00:02 Start venting	14th 07:44 Event falling under Article 15* occurred (Abnormal rise of CV pressure)		the Unit 6 radioactive waste process facility to the Unit 5 condenser.	
	22nd 02:33 Seawater injection through feed water line started in addition to fire extinguish line	15th 06:10 Sound of explosion, Suppression Pool damage suspected	14th 11:01 Hydrogen explosion			
	24th 11:30 lights in the main control room becomes available	15th 08:25 White smoke reeked	15th 10:22 Radiation dose 400mSv/h			
	25th 15:37 Freshwater injection to the reactor started.	20th 15:05 operation of spraying water to the spent fuel pool started.	16th 08:34, 10:00 White smoke reeked			
	27th 08:30 Continuing to transfer the water in the	26th 10:10 Freshwater injection to the reactor started.	Since 17th, operation of spraying water to the spent fuel pool			
	basement of the turbine building	,	continues.			
† 3 3 4 4	trench	26th 16:46 lights in the main control room becomes available	21st 15:55 Slightly gray smoke erupted (18:02 settled)			
	surge tank (- 15:27, Apr. 2)	29th 16:45 Start to transfer the water in the CST to the surge tank	22nd 22:46 lights in the main control room becomes available			
	31st 13.03 Start water injection to SFP	Apr. 2nd 16:25 Start injecting concrete to stop water leakage from the pit near the intake	25th 18:02 Freshwater injection to the reactor started.			
	Apr. 7th 01:31 Injection of Nitrogen gas started after opening all valves through the line.	2nd 17:10 Start transferring water in the conden4er to the CST	28th 17:40 Start to transfer the water in the CST to the surge tank			
		Apr. 5th 15:07 Regarding leakage from the pit that is closed to discharge outlet of unit-2, hardening agent was injected to hole dug surrounding the pit. (Apr. 6 05:38 It was confirmed that water flow stopped	Apr. 13 13:50 Installation of silt fences in front of the Unit 3 and 4 seawater screen completed			
	Apr 17 16:00 Start investigation of the inside of R/B using a remote-controlled robot.		Apr 17 11:30 Start investigation of the inside of R/B using a remote-controlled robot.			
		Apr. 13th 17:04 Transfer of highly radioactively contaminated wafter				
		accumulated in the trench outside the turbine building to the condenser				
_	at Unit 1.	completed Apr. 15th 14:15 Installation of steel plate in front of Unit 2 seawater screen completed				
		Apr 18 13:42 Start investigation of the inside of R/B using a remote-				
		controlled robot.				
		Apr. 19 10:08 Start transferring highly radioactive water accumulated in the				
		turbine building and the concrete tunnel to the waste processing facility				
	Apr. 14 12:18 Switch power supply for water injection p Apr. 14 12:20 Installation of silt fences in front of the Uni	umps to the RPV from power supply vehicles to originally equipped power so				
	Reactor Water level (May 5 11:00)	1	Departer Water Javal (May 5 11:00)			
Maior Data *1	(A) <u>-1650</u> mm, (B) <u>-1500</u> mm	Reactor Water level (May <u>5 11:00</u>) (A) <u>-1500</u> mm, (B) <u>-2100</u> mm	Reactor Water level (May <u>5 11:00</u>) (A) <u>-2050</u> mm, (B) <u>-2200</u> mm	SFP water temperature measured with a concrete	Water temperature of SFP	
	Reactor pressure (May <u>5 11:00</u>)	· · · ——	Reactor pressure (May 5 11:00)	pump vehicle	Unit 5 <u>40.3</u> °C (May 5 12:00)	
<u>C</u> F	(A) <u>0.460</u> MPaG, (B) <u>1.283</u> MPaG*2	(A) -0.023MPaG*2, (B) -0.018MPaG*2	(A) <u>-0.074</u> MPaG*2, (B) <u>-0.091</u> MPaG*2	Apr. 12 : about 90 °C	Unit 6 34.5°C (May 5 12:00)	
			CV pressure (May <u>5 11:00</u>) <u>0.1038</u> MPaabs	22 before spray: about 91°C		
	RPV temperature (May <u>5 11:00</u>)	RPV temperature (May 5 11:00)	RPV temperature (May <u>5 11:00</u>)	23 before spray: about 83°C		
	134.7°C*2 at feed water line nozzle	116.8°C at feed water line nozzle	156.6°C*2 at feed water line nozzle	23 after spray: about 66°C		
		Water temperature in SFP (May 5 11:00) 49.0°C		24 before spray: about 86°C		
	Thermography (Apr. 26 07:30) CV: 25°C, SFP: 23°C Thermography (Apr. 26 07:30) Top of R/B: 24°C		Thermography (Apr. 26 07:30) CV: 26°C, SFP: 56°C	24 after spray : about 81°C		



(2) Fukushima Dai-ni NPPs

Àll units are cold shutdown (Unit-1, 2, 4 have been recovered from a event falling under Article 15*)

3. State of Emergency Declaration

11th 19:03 State of nuclear emergency was declared (Fukushima Dai-ni NPS)

12th 07:45 State of nuclear emergency was declared (Fukushima Dai-ichi NPS)

4. Evacuation Order

11th 21:23 PM direction: for the residents within 3km radius from Fukushima I to evacuate, within 10km radius from Fukushima I to stay in-house

12th 05:44 PM direction: for the residents within 10km radius from Fukushima I to evacuate

12th 17:39 PM direction: for the residents within 10km radius from Fukushima II to evacuate

12th 18:25 PM direction: for the residents within 20km radius from Fukushima I to evacuate

15th 11:06 PM direction: for the residents within 20-30km radius from Fukushima I to stay in-house

25th Governmental advise: for the residents within 20-30 km radius from Fukushima I to voluntarily evacuate

Abbreviations:

SFP: Spent Fuel Storage Pool

EDG: Emergency Diesel Generator

RPV: Reactor Pressure Vessel

R/B: Reactor Building

RHR: Residual Heat Removal system CST: Condensate water Storage Tank

T/B: Turbine Building

*1 Trend data of primary parameters are available at Japan Nuclear Technology Institute's Home Page:

"http://www.gengikyo.jp/english/shokai/special_4.html".

*2 Data trend is continuously monitored.



